

# SEPAC Summer School Session 7 – Understanding Your District – Data!



INFORMING, EDUCATING, EMPOWERING FAMILIES 617-236-7210 | www.fcsn.org | fcsninfo@fcsn.org

# **Workshop Objectives**

#### Participants will be able to:

- · Gain an understanding of the makeup of the district
- · See trends and issues in public data
- · Communicate families' needs using data
- · Be informed to make decisions based on facts



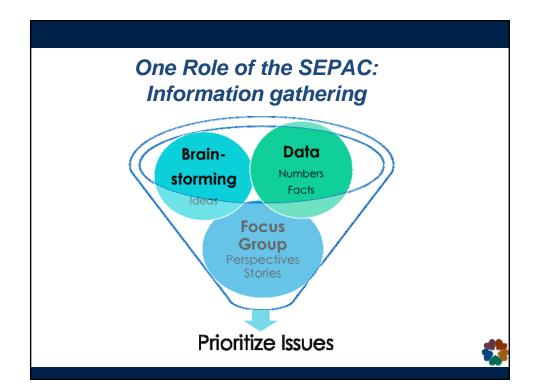
#### ESSA: Data-driven Accountability

ESSA requires that States and districts produce and use high-quality data to inform decision-making leading to improved educational outcomes for all students at the State and local level.

ESSA's data collection and reporting requirements bring about accountability and transparency.

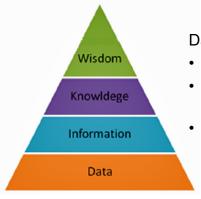
State and district report cards offer to "parents and stakeholders the information they need to understand how schools are held accountable and how students, including each subgroup of students, are performing". (USDE, 2016)





### Using Data as Information

Data is factual information. Data can help groups make informed decisions.



Data must be

- Reliable (accurate and true)
- Valid (measure what it claims to measure)
  - Accessible (all concerns and needs of audience are considered)





#### **Understanding Data**

Data can help your group see if progress is being made towards a desired outcome.

Two types of Data:

**Quantitative** – information about quantities, can be measured and written down as numbers. *Example*: test scores, attendance rates

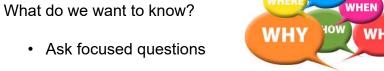
**Qualitative** – information about qualities that describe what something is or is not like, deals with descriptions, can be observed but not measured.

Example: family's story, student's work





#### **Questions Drive the Process**



- Use a variety of methods/sources (surveys/focus groups, polls)
- Review available data
- Look for gaps

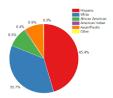


### Organizing data

**Aggregated** - Set of data formed by combining several parts

**Disaggregated** – whole set separated into categories or subgroups

**Triangulated** – use multiple independent sources of data to establish truth and accuracy of a claim



Best to make it **VISUAL** graphs/pie charts/trends so it is easy to understand!



#### Analyzing data

Look for relationships in the data

Don't draw conclusions too soon

Learn the terms – mean/median/mode/ range/outlier/statistically significant Have a plan to continuous monitor the issue

Understand why we **think** it is happening – hypothesis

Create/Display/Present Results in Report – be objective

- appealing
- accurate
- accessible
- · audience-specific



## Finding Data

#### **NATIONAL**

http://datacenter.kidscount.org

https://data.census.gov/cedsci/

https://nces.ed.gov/

http://www.parentcenterhub.org/priority-data-schoolreform/

https://sites.ed.gov/idea/data/





MASSACHUSETTS DEPARTMENT OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION

# Finding Data

#### STATE/LOCAL

http://www.doe.mass.edu/SchDistrictData.html

http://profiles.doe.mass.edu/

http://profiles.doe.mass.edu/statereport/special education.aspx

http://profiles.doe.mass.edu/staterc/?fyCode=2019

http://spedtranssavings.org/DistrictData.aspx

Special Education Enrollment by Disability

http://www.doe.mass.edu/infoservices/reports/enroll/default.html?yr=sped1920

Coordinated Program Review Reports/Corrective Action Plans http://www.doe.mass.edu/psm/cpr/

Your District Website and School Committee pages



#### Session 8 - September 1 at 7PM

# Advising the District



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